March 16th, 1854. C. F. Tobin, Esq., -Dear Sir :- Your name has been proposed as a suitable one to occupy a place in our "Portraits and Memoirs of eminent Americans" now living, of which several volumes have been already published. This great work has been received with much favor everywhere, and contains many of the first names in the country. For further information of its general scope and plan, I beg to refer you to a circular herewith sent. Our portraits are engraved on steel, by the first artists, so that the likenesses are true and life-like representations of their originals, possessing greater value to the subjects and their friends than the most costly paintings.

You are respectfully solicited to occupy a place in the pages of this work. Should your consent afford us the opportunity of thus giving to the world a true and permanent record of your life and features please send me your likeness (a good daguerreotype of the same size as our portraits is, best,) so that it

may be handed over to our engravers. Please cause to be sent to me also, a memoir of yourself, or such facts as will enable me to prepare it; and I will not forget to say, that the facts for the sketch should be fully and accurately given.

I hope you will send both the daguerreotype and memoir at your earliest convenience, as we have a volume in progress, and wish to avoid delay. Hoping to hear from you, I am, yours truly. · JOHN LIVINGSTON.

DEAR SIE: The above communication reached me last week, and in replication, I beg leave to state, that if I have ever done anything worthy of the immortality your magazine is likely to confer upon me, I am not conscious of it. However, as true merit is always modest, it may be to that virtue that I owe my ignorance, at all events, (and I am anxious the world at large should know it,) I have not sought fame, but fame has sought me, as Alexander Smith the poet would say,

"Fame! Fame! next grandest word to God!" In taking a retrospect of my early days, I can dis cover nothing worthy of record, unless it be the stealing of a few watermelons at school, for which I was beaten with many stripes, or the riding of a few

quarter races, for which I received an occasional and solitary ginger cake, or adventures of similar import. At 17, I ranaway from my venerable old Guardian, the Rev. Hansford Dade Duncan, (long life to

him) and vamosed to the great far west, where I flourished for a short time, and a short time only, and upon returning I lost all of my money upon a game vulgarly called "poker," (of which of course, you know nothing,) upon one of the boats of the Alabama river. This was about the time the Ben. Franklin bursted, and killed so many, and had I not been standing near the stern of the vessel, you would never have had the opportunity of handing my name, fac simile, character, and adventures, down to an eager posterity in the columns of your justly celebrated magazine. I returned to my own, my native land, fundless,

and perhaps somewhat seedy in appearance, and run for 1st Lieut, in a distinguished militia company, but was unfortunately beaten by the loss of one vote, by my worthy competitor.

In the year of our Lord 1849, my illustrious friend Thos. D. Condy, gave me the office of Assistant Deputy U. S. Marshal for the District of Barnwell, and while taking the Census, I killed one horse and another ran away and broke my buggy, upon which occasion, I rode my horse bare back 14 miles in 40 minutes, of which fact, Col. B. H. Brown is a living

After I had concluded this herculean undertaking, a man calling himself "C. Frank Powell," wrote to me from Washington that if I would forward a certain amount of money to him, he would prosecute my claims for an increase of pay sufficient to cover these immense disasters, but I grieve to say that from the time I sent the money I have not heard a word from the aforesaid and never-to-be-forgotten C. Frank Powell, he probably having gone to parts unknown. However, I still entertain strong hopes of seeing his distinguished name and fac simile in your widely circulated magazine.

Last year I ran for Tax Collector in this important Township, and was beaten so badly by a base combination, of which I was wholly unconscious until a few moments before the closing of the polls, that I have not since entirely recovered my equanimity. As a salvo, however, to this disaster, and just at this crisis, my distinguished but benighted friend, the Hon. James Campbell, Post-Master General, gave me the Post-office at this place, the duties of which, I may without vanity say, I have discharged to the complete and entire satisfaction of the schole commu-

My friends are anxious to secure for me the distinguished honor you have so politely tendered, and as a reward for my various and arduous services, are now busily engaged in raising a subscription for the purpose of defraying the expenses attendant upon this momentous affair. I allude to the engraving of my portrait. They have already appointed a committee to secure the services of a competent artist for the all absorbing occasion, and as soon as the picture is completed, I will forward it to your address. Permit me to express the hope that you will delay the publication of the next number of your magazine until it makes its advent.

I avail myself of this opportunity to assure you of the distinguished considerations with which I re-Dear sir,

Your grateful and ob't. servant, C. F. TOBIN, Postmaster, At Barnwell, C. H., S. C. JOHN LIVINGSTON, Esq., 157 Broadway, N. Y.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN STOKES. At a Democratic meeting, held in the town of Danbury, on the 19th ult., Wm. A. Mitchell, Esq., having been ca'led to the Chair, and John F. Riddick requested to act as Secretary, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted: WHEREAS, it becomes necessery, in accordance with the Constitution of our State, to elect representatives on the 1st. Thursday of August next, to the General Assembly of North Carolina, and whereas, it has by general consent been agreed by the Democratic party of the counties of Stokes and Forsyth. that a Convention of said party be held at Germanton, on the 10th day of June next, to nominate a Democratic candidate to represent said Counties, composing the 43d Senatorial District of North Car-

olina, in the next Legislature; therefore Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint five delegates from each taxable district in stokes county, to represent their respective districts in the Germanton Convention.

Under which resolution, the Chairman made the following appointments, to wit,-

Richmond District.-J. W. Spainhour, William Stone, John Grabbs, Ed. H. Edwards, and Jesse A.

Quaker Gap District .- M. T. Smith, James M. Dearman, Richard Smith, Richard Cox, and Mark

Peter's Creek District .- Dr. Jno. Q. A. Beazley, Silas Tucker, Francis Hall, John Brown, and J. G.

Snow Creek District .- Peter Mutchinson, John apt. Hiram Smith, S. H. Poor, and

Beaver Island District .- John Martin, Wm. Ward, fr., Adam Mitchell, Hamilton Scales, and Anderson Carter.

Sawra Town District .- Jas. Carter, Arch'd. Roberson, N. B. Gibson, Joseph Fulp, J. W. T. Davis. Germanton District .- David Leak, W. W. Petrce, Peter Tuttle, Valet Hill, and Wm. Tuttle.

Shore's Reed District.—Geo. Wilson, J. F. Hill, James Warren, Col. W. Kizer, and James U. South-

Meadows District.—Jeremiah Martin, Jas. Tuttle, Asa Neal, Mitchell Smith, and C. W. McAnally. Buck Island.—Col. A. J. Stedman, John F. Rid-dick, J. B. Young, James Flinchum, and Pendleton On motion, it was Resolved, that all Democrats who shall be present at said Convention be recognized as delegates.

On motion, it was

Resolved, That the proceeding of this meeting be
published in the Standard and the People's Press.

WM. A. MITCHELL, Chm'n.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN FORSYTH. At a meeting of the Democratic party of Forsyth county, held in Winston on Tuesday of April Court, for the purpose of appointing delegates to a District Convention, A. M. Gamble, Esq., on motion of J. M. Stafford, was called to the Chair, and E. R. Voss

requested to act as Secretary. For the consideration of and adoption by said meeting, the following preamble and resolution was

offered: Whereas it is proposed by the Democratic freeholders of the counties of Stokes and Forsyth, composing the 43d Senatorial District of North Carolina, to hold a convention in the town of Germanton, on the 10th day of June next, to nominate a Democratic candidate to represent said district in the next General Assembly,-Therefore

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint five or more persons from each Captain's district in Forsyth, to represent them in said Conven-

Whereupon the Chairman appointed the following persons, (to wit:) For Richmond District-Solomon Long, Wm. F. Randleman, Washington Payne, Esq., Francis Tate,

Solomon Hunter. Old Town District-Jno. Lawrence, Josh Spaugh, Levin Hine, Esq., Col. Henry Shouse, Coleman Ziglar, Calvin H. Hauser. Bethania District-Solomon Transu, Esq., Sandy

Flynt, Willis Lawrence, J. M. Richmond, and Benjamin Hauser. Pfaff Town District-A. C. Transu, Solomon Pfaff, Richard Church, Michael Hauser, Dr. F. W. Stimp-

son and Eugene Conrad. Yadkin District--John Boyer, Nath'l Ketner, Leonard Conrad, Elias Phillips, and Solomon Vogler. Southfork District-J. M. Stafford, Esq., Samuel Alspaugh, Daniel Reich, Alex. Snyder, Sam,! Lau-

genour, Wm. L. Swaim, Esq. Salem District-P. T. Shultz, James Fisher, Joseph Masten, Dr. Hunter, A. V. Sullivan, John Broadbay District-R. A. Shults, J. M. Vawter,

John Kelly, Jacob Mock, J. A. Waugh. Deep River District-E. R. Voss, Jos. E. Kerner, J. H. Hester, E. B. Teague, Jno. Watson, and Geo.

Belews Creek District-Col. H. Marshall, John E. Clayton, Moses Barrow, M. H. Linville, Jacob F. Middle Fork District-John Masten, Coleman

Jenkins, Levi Crews, J. J. Gwyer, and David Ro-Buffalo District-Philip Barrow, John Clayton, Matthew J. Crews, Fred. Morris, Fountain Flynt. On motion, by John Masten, all Democrats who may wish to attend said Convention, shall be corsidered delegates, and are earnestly requested to at-

On motion, That a copy of the foregoing be sent to the "People's Press," with a request to publish, and that the "N. C. Standard" copy said proceed-

On motion, the meeting adjourned. A. M. GAMBLE, Chm'n. E. R. Voss, Sec'y.

ADULTERATION OF LIQUORS.—Eminent chemists assert that nine-tenths, at least, of all liquors consumed in the United States are more or less drugged. To say that half of all that pretends to come across the Atlantic is wholly manufactured on this side of

it, would be to fall short of the truth.

There are numbers who live and thrive by such rious trade. Long practice_in the use of sugar of lead, capsicum, acid, aloes, juniper berries, verdigris, logwood, &c., &c., in varying and nicely graduated proportions, has enabled them to bring the art to a degree of perfection, that seems almost fabulous. Cheap Monongahela whiskey brought into their vaults by the hogshead, comes out bottled and ready for sale as "Madeira," "Cognac," "Champagne," "Pale Brandy," "Cream of the Valley," and "Old Port." In these the color, flavor, and smell of the originals will be so closely imitated that experienced taste is deceived by them. So complete and minute are their operations, that not only are foreign brands forged, and the shape of bottles, the devices of the seals and corks imitated, but even artificial dust and cobwebs are fabricated to give them an air of respectable antiquity.

If other proof of this were needed, besides the results of chemical analysis, it might be found in the facts that more Port is drank in the United States in one year than passes through the Custom House in ten; that more Champagne is consumed in America alone than the whole Champagne district produces; that Cognae Brandy costs four times as much in France where it is made, as it is sold for in our corner grogeries; and that the failure of the whole grape crop in Madeira produced no apparent diminution in the quantity, nor at all corresponding increase in the price of the Wine.

It is these compounds that madden and destroy such multitudes in our towns and cities. In Vinegrowing countries, where wine is cheap and plentiful, and its use almost universal, there are none of these horrors of Intemperance that shock and alarm us here. France, Italy, Spain, suffer no more from the free use of their wines, than we do from our Cider, or "Sparkling Catawba."

If none but pure liquor was parmitted to be sold, its price would instantly become so great as to put it beyond the reach of those who now fall victims to "red eye" and "rot gut." Genuine brandy, gin and rum, are the most costly of all fermented drinks, instead of being, as we are accustomed to think, the cheapest. To say nothing of the cost of transportation, they cannot be bought on the spot where they are made at any thing like the rates they are sold at in our drinking saloons. Brands that at wholesale bring \$3 a bottle, are sold at retail for "three cents a glass!"

A law providing for the prohibition and punishment of these adulterations could be faithfully carried into effect, for all parties would have a common interest in its enforcement. It could be resisted by few, for no man wants to drink these poisons, and no dealer would acknowledge that he sold them. Temperance men would gain their end of driving these heverages out of use, and all respectable liquor merchants would profit by the rise in prices. Constitutional rights would not be more infringed than by the detection and punishment of any other fraud; and no property would be destroyed except the liquid poisons and the implements of their manufacture. - Albany Journal.

THE WARD MURDER IN KENTUCKY. The Boston Mail, in commenting on the notorious Ward trial, in Kentucky, uses the following strong language:

"The particulars of the murder case in Kentucky. where the two brothers, Ward, proceeded to the schoolroom of Professor Butler, having previously provided themselves with loaded pistols, for the purpose of destroying an unoffensive man, of cultivated mind and gentle manners, and there murderd him in cold blood, are still fresh in the recollection of the public. His offence was inflicting a mild and very moderate chastisement on a refractory schoolboy. Had such a crime been committed by a man in middling circumstances instead of insolent members of a spurious aristocracy, the populace would hardly have waited for the slow and snail-paced progress of the law; but would have seized the malefactors and hanged them on the limb of the nearest tree. But in this case we see treacherous, cowardly and cold blooded assassins borne to the Court House in the Governor's carriage, and most eminent lawyers in the State prostitute their talents and the prestige of their legal fame, by volunteering their service to cheat the gallows of two of the most fitting subjects that ever swung from its ignominious summit. An acquittal will place an indelible stain on the escutcheon of Kentucky, and we hope the jury will pause before they inflict it. An acquittal will be a declaration that law is a mockery that crushes the weak, but connives at the atrocities of the strong; that a man of wealth may trample upon those who are his superiors, if placed in an humbler position in life; may dye his hands in blood and commit crimes that the Russian despot, or the most intolerant tyrant that occupies a throne dare not in this age, attempt, and that his wealth will shield from punishment. The eyes of the whole country are fixed on this trial, and, we hope the scandal of an accountry will set he added eyes of the whole country are fixed on this trial, and, we hope the scandal of an acquittal will not be added to a crime sufficient to transfix humanity with horror. These Wardshave become somewhat famous from the influential position of their family in Kentucky, and the public scandal in connection with the celebrated divorce of Miss Sallie Ward from Colonel Lawrence, now attache of the American embassy to London."

Conceit is proud that he has learned so my

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS IN WAKE

SWIFT ORBEK DISTRICT ALIVE YET!

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According to notice, a meeting of the Democrats of Swift Creek District took place at Willis Franklin's, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to attend the County Convention, to be held in the city of Raleigh, on the 15th day of May, to nominate Candidates for the ensuing Legislature.

The meeting was organized by calling SAMUEL WHITAKER to the chair, and the appointment of John Q. W. Faucett as Secretary, and on motion of Hinton Franklin, it was

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint eight delegates to attend said Convention. Whereupon, the chairman appointed the following gentlemen, viz.: Hinton Franklin, Barney Jones, Gustin Turner, H. B. Whitaker, Jefferson Goodwin, Robert S. Perry, William Pope, John W. Rogers.

On motion of A. P. Woodall, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the delegation. On motion of H. B. Whitaker, the meeting adjourned with the sole resolution in each bosom to do

their duty on the 15th of May next. SAM'L. WHITAKER, Chm'n. J. Q. W. FAUCETT, Sec.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING. A portion of the democrats in Kitt's Creek District, Wake County, met at Cedar Level, on Saturday, the 22d ult., for the purpose of appointing delegates to the County Convention to be held at Raleigh, on Monday of May Court next, to nominate suitable candidates for the Legislature.

On motion of Col. C. Lowe R. T. Weatherspoon, Esq., was called to the Chair, and on motion of H. E. Lyon Esq. Capt. S. Scott was requested to act as Secretary.

On motion Col. C. Lowe was requested to explain the object of the meeting, which he did in a short but appropriate manner. On motion the Chair was requested to appoint ten

delegates to represent this District in the Cenvention, to wit: Col. C. Lowe, H. C. Lyon, Esq. William George, William Hopson, Esq. Col. H. Weatherspoon, P. II. Barbee, Asa Green, Calvin Green, Need-ham Stone, Dr. G. J. Allison. On motion the Chairman and Secretary were added to the lirt of delegates.

On motion it was directed that these proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretary and forwarded to the N. C. Standard for publication, On motion the thanks of the meeting were tendered to the Chairman and Secretary, and then adjourned, R. T. WEATHERSPOON, Chr'n. SIDNEY SCOTT, Ste'y.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN ST. MARY'S. According to previous notice, a portion of the Democrats of St. Mary's District met at Auburn, on the 29th ult. William R. Poole, Esq., was called to the Chair, and G. H. Faribault appointed Se-

The Chairman having explained the object of the meeting, it was moved that he be requested to appoint a committee of five to draft resolutions. Whereupon, the following gentlemen were appointed the committee: W. J. Allen, E. J. Tomlinson, H. L. Winton, Jas. Stallings, and G. H. Faribault. The committee having retired for a short time, re-

turned and reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted: WHEREAS, A Convention is to be held in Raleigh. on the 15th of May inst., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Legislature, and believing

that early and united action is the only sure means of success, therefore Resolved, That we approve of the plan of holding a county convention; that we cordially endorse the resolutions of the late State Convention; that we rejoice in the nomination of Thomas Bragg, and promise to him and the cause he so gallantly de-

fends, our united and ardent support. Resolved, That we deem it unnecessary to recommend any as suitable candidates for the Legislature, but promise to the nominoes, whoever they may be, provided they stand square upon the platform of the party, our hearty support; that we earnestly desire that union and harmony of feeling may characterize every action of the Convention, that we may march in solid column to the glorious triumph that awaits

us in August next. Resolved, That we look back with pride upon the glorious career of our present executive, David S. Reid, his strict adherence to the Constitution, and devotion to the interests of our State, and only regret that "a wise policy should prevent his any

longer being our gallant standard bearer." Resolved, That we have entire confidence in the administration of Franklin Pierce; that his position in relation to the Nebraska and Kansas bill not only proves his devotion to the Constitution and the South, but that he has won for himself, what he so well deserves-a place in the hearts of his country-

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint ten delegates to represent this District in Convention. In accordance with the last resolution, the Chairman appointed the following delegates: - Jas. Dupree J. B. Johns, H. L. Winton, E. B. Sater, Jas. Stallings, Benton Williams, W. J. Allen, Calvin A. Smith, J. H. Poole, and Sidney Poole.

On motion, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the list of delegates. On motion, it was Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the editor of the Standard with the request to publish, and the thanks of the meeting be returned to the Chairman and Secretary.

On motion the meeting adjourned. W. R. POOLE, Chm'n. G. H. FARIBAULT, Sec.

MEETING IN HOUSE'S CREEK DISTRICT. On Saturday, the 29th of April, a portion of the Democrats of House's Creek District assembled, by

appointment, at Sterling Spikes'. On motion, Peterson Spikes was appointed Chairman, and B. A. Perry, Secretary. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we, the Democrats of House's Creek District, do heartily concur in holding a Convention in the City of Raleigh on the 3d Monday of May next, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the ensuing Legislature.

Resolved, That we are ever ready to discharge our duty, when our candidates are properly brought for-

Resolved. That the Chairman of this meeting appoint five delegates to represent the Democrats of House's Creek District in said Convention.

Resolved, That George B. Allen, being a worthy and Deserving Democract, we recommend him as a suitable candidate for the Senate, and instruct our delegates to vote for him in said Convention. Resolved. That we have the utmost confidence in

Wilson W. Whitaker, Gaston H. Wilder and John M. Fleming, and recommend them to the Convention as candidates for the House of Commons. Resolved, That we will support the nominees of

said Convention, let them be who they may, so they are good and true Democrats. Resolved, That David S. Reid deserves the highest credit for the manner in which he discharged his of-

ficial duties as Governor of North Carolina, and our wishes for his welfare follow him in his retirement from public life. Resolved, That the nomination of Thomas Bragg

meets our hearty approval, and we will give him our learty and undivided support. In accordance with the third resolution, the Chairman appointed the following delegates: C. E. Finch, John Cope, R. P. Finch, S. H. Whitaker and

Allen Rogers. On motion, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the number. Having requested the proceedings to be published in the North Carnlina Standard, the meeting ad-

PETERSON SPIKES, Chm'n. B. A. PERRY, Sec'y.

A melting sermon being preached in a country church, all the congregation were weeping except one man, who begged to be excused, as he belodged to another church. MARRIED.

In Lenoir county, on the 27th ultimo, by James Jones, Esq., Mr. John H. Witherington to Miss Annie A. Rause, youngest daughter of Richard and Mary Rauke 110 Guldsborn, Republican please copy. DIED.

In Wake County, on the 28th April, Mr. Joseph W.
mards, aged about 58.

CLOTHING AND CLOTHING MADERIALS.

Bureau of Provisions and Clothing. April 23, 1864.)
SEPARATE PROPOSALS, sented and endorsed "Proposals for Navy Clothing and Clothing Materials," will be received at this office until 3 o'clock, p. m., Tuesday, 22d May next, for furnishing and delivering (on receiving thirty days' notice) at each or either of the navy-yards at Charlestown, Massachusetts, Brooklyn, New York, and Gosport, Virginia, such quantities only of any or all of the following named articles of navy clothing and clothing materials as may be ordered by the Chief of this Bureau, or by the commandants of said any-yards, respectively, during the fiscal year commencing on the 1st day of July next, and ending on the 30th day of June, 1855, viz.:

Pen jackets, made of blue pilot-cloth, dyed in the wool 2,000

do blue cloth, Trowsers Blue flannel over-shirts, twilled and wool-dyed under do drawers jumpers Blue flannel, in the pieceyards 60,000 Barnsley sheeting frocks 3,000 Canvass duck trowsers 3,000
Barnsley sheeting in the piece yards 25,000 Canvas duck, in the piecedo 7,000 Blue cloth caps..... Calf-skin shoes. pairs 5,000 Kip-skin shoes, high cut do 5,000
 Woollen stockings
 do 5,000

 Do socks, No. 1 and 2
 do 8,000

 Mattresses (with two covers to each)
 2,500
 India nankinpieces Rlankets 3,000
Black silk handkerchiefs 10,000
Blue cotton and wool cloth trowsers 2,000
Do do in the piece yards 5,000
The cotton and wool cloth must be American manufac-

tured, 27 inches wide inside of list, which list must consist on each edge of not less than 12 white woollen threads, woven in the whole length of the piece; must weigh not less than 91/4 ounces per yard, to contain in each piece about 28 yards; the warp must be cotton pure indigo blue, yarn-dyed, and the filling wool pure indigo blue, wool-dyed. The trowsers must be made of material as thus descr.bed. The blue cloth of which the pea and round jackets and trowsers are to be made must be American manufactuerd made of clean wool, pure indigo died and died in the wool. The flannel must be all wool, American manufactured,

wool-dyed, pure indigo blue, and twilled; must be in pieces of 50 yards in length, 27 inches wide, wighing 5 ounces per yard, with a list on each edge of 4 white woollen threads woven in the whole length of the piece. To be packed in bales of 10 pieces, the pieces to be rolled separately without cloth boards. Each bale to contain 500 yards, and 1561/2

The over and under-shirts and drawers and jumpers must be made of flannel as thus described. The Barnsley sheeting must be free of cotton, 80 inches width, and about 46 yards in each piece. The canvas duck must be free of cotton, 80 inches in

width, and about 36 yards in the piece. The shoes to be stamped with the contractor's name, number of shoe, and year when made; the sizes to be in the following proportion for each 50 pairs, unless otherwise ordered, viz.: 8 of No. 5, 12 of No. 6, 12 of No. 7, 12 of No. 8, 8 of No. 9, 4 of No. 10, 4 of No. 11. They are to conform in all respects to the samples at the yards, and to be delivered in good strong boxes, 60 pairs in each. The name of the contractor, contents, and the year when made, marked on each box. The calf-skin and the kip-skin shoes to be packed in separate boxes.

The woollen socks must be woven or knit-No. 1 to weigh not less than 1,638 grains; No. 2 to weigh not less than 1,208 grains, and if knit to be ribbed.

The mattresses must wiegh 10 pounds, including ticking. The nankin must be of the best India nankin, as per sample at the yards, in regard to length, width, weight and texture. The blankets must weigh 3 pounds each, and be 58 by 78 inches in size, texture 4 by 6 to 1/4 inch.

The black silk handkerchiefs must be 311/2 by 311/4 inch., and weigh 1 oz. and 12 gr. Troy; texture, 14 by 23 to 16 in. A schedule of the two sizes for each 100 pieces of made-up clothing, and for all clothing materials, will be found with the samples at the respective navy-vards; and all the above articles, including the necessary buttons, rings, &c., are to be fully equal in the quality, texture, and finish of material, pattern and workmanship, to said samples.

The number or quantity which will be required of each of the foregoing articles cannot be precisely stated; it is even that of some none may be required. A contract will, therefore, be made, not for a specific number or quantity of any article, but only for such number or quantity of each as the service may require to be delivered at those navy-yards respectively. The price must be uniform at all

All the above articles must be subject to such inspection t the place of delivery as the chief of this bureau may direct; and no article will be received that is not fully equal to the sample or pattern, both in material and workman-ship, and which does not conform in all other respects to the stipulations and provisions of the contract to be made. The whole must be delivered at the risk and expense of the contractor, in good, tight, substantial, and dry packing boxes or bales; each box and bale to be marked with the

contractor's name, and the year and month when manufactured or put up; the whole to be in good shipping order, free of all charges to the United States, and to the entire satisfaction of the inspecting officers, said officers to be appointed by the Navy Department.

The offers must distinguish the prices for each article mentioned, and must be calculated to cover every expense attending the fulfilment of the contract, including the necessary metal and navy buttons.

In case of failure on the part of the contractors to furnish

and deliver the several articles which may be ordered from them, in proper time and of proper quality, the Chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing shall be authorised to purchase or direct purchases to be made of what may be remired to supply the deficiency, under the penalty to be exressed in the contract; the record of a requisition, or a upl'cate copy thereof, at the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, or at either of the navy yards aforesaid, shall be evidence that such requisition has been made and received.

Two or more approved sureties in a sum equal to the estimated amount of the respective contracts will be required, and ten per centum will be withheld from the amount of all payments on account thereof as collateral security, and not in any event to be paid until it is in all respects complied with; and ninety per centum of the amount of all de-liveries made will be paid by the navy agent within thirty days after triplicate bills, duly authenticated, shall have

been presented to him. Bidders whose proposals are accepted (and none others) will be forthwith not fied, and as early as practicable a contract will be transmitted to them for execution, which contract must be returned to the bureau within five days, exclusive of the time required for the regular transmission of

A record, or duplicate of the letter informing a bidder of he acceptance of his proposal, will be deemed a notification thereof, within the meaning of the act of 1846, and his bid will be made and accepted in conformity with this understanding. Every offer made must be accompanied (as directed in

the act of Congress making appropriations for the naval service for 1846-'47, approved 10th August, 1846) by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within five days, with good and sufficient suretics, to farnish the supplies proposed. The bureau will not be obligated to consider any proposal unless accompanied by the guarantee required by law; the competencyof the guarantee to be certified by the navy agent, district attorney, or some officer of the general government known to the bu-

Blank forms of proposals may be obtained on application to the navy agents at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, Pensacola, and at this bureau. The attention of bidders is called to the samples and des-

cription of articles required, as, in the inspection for recep-tion, a just but rigid comparison will be made between the articles offered and the sample and contract, receiving none that fall below them; and their attention is also particularly directed to the annexed joint resolution, in addition to the act f the 19th August, 1846.

Extract from the act of Congress, approved August 10, 1846. "Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, every proposal for naval supplies invited by the Secretary of the Navy, under the proviso to the general appropriation bill for the navy, approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-three, shall be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation, in such time as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the supplies proposed. No proposal shall be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee. If after the acceptance of a proposal and a notification thereof to the bidder or bidders, he or they shall fail to enter into an obligation within the time proposal of the secretary of the s obligation within the time prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, with good and sufficient sureties for furnishing the supplies, then the Secretary of the Navy shall proceed to contract with some other person or persons for furnishing the said supplies; and shall forthwith cause the difference between the amount contained in the proposal so guarantied and the amount for which he may have contracted for furnishing the said supplies, for the whole period of the proposal, to be charged up against said bidder or bidders, and his or their guarantor or guarantors; and the same may be immediately recovered by the United States, for the use of the Navy Department, in an action of debt against either or all of said persons."

or all of said persons." [Public, No. 7.] JOINT RESOLUTION relative to bids for provisions, clothing, and small stores for the use of the navy.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That all bids for supplies of provisions, clothing, and small stores for the use of the navy may be rejected, at the option of the department, if made by one who is not known as a manufacturer of, or regular dealer in, the article proposed to be furnished, which fact, or the reverse, must be distinctly stated in the bids offered; that the bids of all persons who may have failed to comply with the conditions of any contracts they may have previously entered into with the United States shall, at the option of the department, be rejected; that if more than one bid be offered for the supply of an article on account of any one party, either in his gurn maine, or in the name of his partner, clerk, or any other person, the whole of such bids shall be rejected at the option of the department; and that copartners of any firm shall not be received as survites for each other; and that, whenever it may be deemed necessary, for the interest of the government and the health of the crews of the United States reseals, to procure particular brands of four which are known to keep best on distant stations, the Bursau of Provisions and Clothing, with the unprobation of the Secretary of the Navy, be, and hereby also and the passage of this act, every proposal for naval supriving the procure particular brands of four which are known to keep best on distant stations, the Bursau of Provisions and Clothing, with the unprobation of the Secretary of the Navy, be, and hereby also and the passage of this act, every proposal for naval supriving the procure particular brands of four which are known to keep best on distant stations, the Bursau of Provisions and Clothing, with the unprobation of the Secretary of the Navy, and the passage of this act, every proposal for naval supriving the passage of this act, every proposal for naval sup JOINT RESOLUTION relative to bids for provisions, clo-

Bureau of Provisious and Clothing, April 13, 1854.

Berard Proposals of Navy Supplies," will be received at this Bureau until 3 o'clock, p. m., on Saturday, 13th of May next, for furnishing and delivering (on receiving five days' notice, except for biseuit, for which five days' notice shall be given for every twenty thousand want to the state of the stat shall be given for every twenty thousand pounds required) at the United States navy-yards at Charlestown, Massachusetts, Brooklyn, New York, and Gosport, Virginia, such quantities only of the following articles as may be required or ordered from the contractors by the chief of this sureau, or by the respective commanding officers of the said navy-yards, during the fiscal year ending June 30.

Flour, biscuit, whiskey, sugar, tea, coffee, rice, molass vinegar, pickles, beans, raisins, dried apples, and soap.

The flour shall be superfine, and of the manufacture of wheat grown in the year 1853 or 1854; but must in all cases be manufactured from wheat of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same; shall be perfectly sweet, and in all respects of the best quality, and fully equal to the best description of Richmond four in al the qualities essential to its prescreation in tropical elimates; and shall be delivered in new, well seasoned, sound, bright barrels—the staves and heading to be of split or rived white oak of the best quality, strong and well hooped, with lining hoops around each head-in good shipping order, free of all charge to the United States.

The biscuit shall be made wholly from sweet superfina flor, of the manufacture of the year 1853 or 1854, but must in all cases be manufactured from flour made of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same; and shall be fully equal in quality, and conform in size, to the samples which are deposited in the said navyyards; shall be properly baked, thoroughly kiln dried, well packed, and delivered free of charge to the United States, in good, sound, well-dried, bright flour barrels, as above described, with the heads whill secured; or in air and watertight whiskey or spirit casks, or barrels, at the option of

The whiskey shall be made wholly from grain, of which at least two-third parts shall be rye; shall be copper distilled, and full first-proof according to the United States custom-house standard. It shall be distilled one year before delivery, and be delivered in good, new, sound, bright, three-quarters hooped, well-seasoned white-oak barrels, with white-oak heads; the staves not to be less than 1/4-ineh thick, and the heads not less than 3/4-inch thick; and each barrel shall be coopered, in addition, with one three-penny iron hoop on each bilge 11/2 inch in width, and 1-16th inch thick, and one three-penny hoop on each chime, 11/5-inch in width, and 1-16th inch thick, as per diagram. The whole to be put in good shipping order, free of all charge

to the United States. The sugar shall be according to samples at the said navy-vards. The tea shall be of good quality Young Hyson, equal

the samples at said navy-yards.

The coffee shall be the best Cuba, according to sample. The rice shall be of the very best quality, and of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the

The molasses shall be fully equal to the very best quality of New Orleans molasses, and shall be delivered in wellseasoned white-oak barrels, with white pine heads not less than 136 inch thick; the staves not less than 36 inch thick; the barrels to be three-quarters hooped, and, in addition, to have four iron hoops, one on each bilge, 134 inch in width and 1-16 inch thick, and one on each chime 134 inch in width and 1-16 inch thick, and shall be thoroughly coopered and placed in the best shipping condition.

The vinegar shall be of the first quality cider vinegar, equal to the standard of the United States Pharmacopæia, and shall contain no other than acetic acid; and shall be delivered in barrels similar in all respects to those required for molasses, with the exception that white out heads shall be substituted for those of white pine, and shall be thoroughly coopered and placed in the best shipping order.

The pickles shall be put up in iron-bound half-barrels, and each half-barrel shall contain one gallon of onions, one gallon of peppers, and thirteen gallons of gherkins, (by which is understood a small cucumber, and no other article: and the vegetables in each shall weigh ninety pounds and

only be paid for; and each half-barrel shall then be filled with white wine vinegar of at least 42 degrees of strength, and equal to French vinegar; the half-barrels, vegetables, and vinegar shall conform and be equal in all respects to the samples deposited at the above-named navy-yards, and the contractors shall warrant and guaranty that they will keep good and sound for at least two years. The beans shall be of the very best quality, sound and good, and shall be of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same.

The raisins shall be of the best quality of bunch raisins, and of the latest crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same, and shall be delivered in good, strong, substantial boxes, and, after inspection, be hooped at each end at the expense of the contractor. The dried apples shall be of the best quality, and shall be prepared by sun-drying only, and shall be of the crop of the autumn immediately preceding the dates of the re-

The sosp shall be manufactured from cocoanut oil, and be of the best quality denominated ." White Saltwater Soap," and be delivered in good strong boxes of about seventy-five pounds each; and after inspection, the boxes will be hooped at each end at the expense of the contrac-

tor. The price to be uniform at all the yards. All the foregoing-described articles, embracing casks, barrels, half-barrels, and boxes, shall be subject to such inspection as the chief of this bureau may direct, and be in all respects perfectly satisfactory to the inspecting officer, said officer to be appointed by the Navy Department. All inspections to be at the place of delivery. Biscuit may, however, be inspected at the place of manufacture, but will in all cases be subject to a final inspection at the place of delivery, before bills are signed therefor.

The prices of all the foregoing articles to be the same throughout the year, and bidders may offer for one or more All the casks, barrels, and haif barrels, boxes or packages, shall be marked with their contents and the contrac-

tor's name. All the barrels of flour, bread, and pickles shall have, in addition to the above, the year when manufactured or put up marked upon them. The samples referred to in this advertisement are those selected for the ensuing tiscal year, and have no reference

to such as have been previously exhibited. The quantity of these articles which will be required canont be precisely stated. They will probably be about-

	17	to be offered for.
Flour	1,200	bblsper bbl.
Biscuit	.600,000	lbsper 100 Il
Whiskey	85,000	galeper gal.
Sugar	200,000	lbsper lb.
Tea	20,000	lbsper lb.
Coffee	10,000	lbspar lb.
R ce		lbsper lb.
Molasses		galsper gal.
Beans	6,000	bushper bush
Vinegar	20,600	galsper gal.
Raisius	40,000	lbaper lb.
Dried apples	50,000	lbsper lb.
Pickles	180,000	lbsper lb.
Soap	100,000	lbsper lb.
The quantities of any or al	l may be	increased or dim

ished as the service may hereafter require. The contracts will therefore be made, not for specific quantities, but for such quantities as the service may require to be delivered at those navy-yards respectively.

are required must establish agencies at such places, that no delay may arise in furnishing what may be required; and when a contractor falls promptly to comply with a requisi-tion, the Chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing shall be authorized to d rect purchases to be made to sup-ply the deficiency, under the penalty to be expressed in the contract; the record of a requisition, or a duplicate copy thereof at the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, or at either of the navy-yards aforesa d, shall be evidence that such requisition has been made and received. Separate offers must be made for each article (except

soap) at each of the aforesaid navy-yards; and in case more than one article is contained in the offer, the Chief of the Bureau will have the right to accept one or more of the articles contained in such offer, and reject the remainder; and bidders whose proposals are accepted (and none others) will be forthwith notified, and as early as practicable a contract will be transmitted to them for execution; which contract must be returned to the Bureau within five days, exclusive of the time required for the regular transmission of the Two or more approved sureties, in a sum equal to the es-

timated amount of the respective contracts, will be required, and ten per centum in addition will be withheld from the amount of all payments on account thereof as collateral security, in addition, to secure its performance, and not in any event to be paid until it is in all respects complied with; ninety per centum of the amount of all deliveries made will be paid by the navy agent within thirty days after bills duly authenticated shall have been presented to

Blank forms of proposals may be obtained on application to the Navy agents at Portsmouth, New Hampshire; Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, Pensacola, and at this bureau. A record, or duplicate of the letter informing a bidder of

the acceptance of his proposal, will be deemed a notifica-tion thereof, within the meaning of the act of 1846, and his bid will be made and accepted in conformity with this understanding.

Every offer made must be accompanied (as directed in the act of Congress making appropriations for the naval service for 1846-47, approved 10th August, 1846) by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within five days, with good and sufficient sureties, to consider any proposal unless accompanied by the guarantee required by law; the competency of the guarantee to be certified by the navy agent, district attorney, or some officer of the general government known to the bureau. bureau.

The attention of bidders is called to the samples and description of articles required, as, in the inspection for reception, a just but rigid comparison will be made between the articles offered and the sample and contract, receiving none that fall below them; and their attention is also particularly directed to the annexed joint resolution, in addition to the act of the 10th August, 1846.

Extract from the act of Congress approved August 10, 1846.

"Sac. 6. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, every proposal for naval supplies invited by the Secretary of the Navy, under the provise to the general appropriation bill for the navy, approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-three, shall be accompanied by a written manager, signed by one or more responsible turnous, to the effect that he or they undertake that

the considered unless accompanied by such guarantee. If after the acceptance of a proposal and a notification thereof, to the hidder or hidders, he or they shall fail to enter its an obligation within the time prescribed by the Scrienty of the Navy, with good and sufficient sureties for furnishing the supplies, then the Secretary of the Navy shall proceed to contract with some other person or persons for furnishing the said supplies; and shall forthwith cause the difference between the amount confained in the proposal so guarantied and the amount for which he may have contracted for furnishing the said supplies for the whole period of the proposal to be charged up against said bidder or bidden, and his or their guarantor or guarantors; and the same may be immediately recovered by the United States, for the use of the Navy Department, in an action of debt against either or all of said persons."

JOINT RESOLUTION relative to bids for provisions, clog. JOINT RESOLUTION relative to bids for provisions, clothing, and small stores for the use of the navy.

Resolved by the Senate and Houseof Representatives of the United States of America in Compress assembled, That all bids for supplies of provisions, clothing, and small stores for the use of the navy may be rejected, at the option of the department, if made by one who is not known as a manufacturer of, or regular dealer in, the article proposed to be furnished, which fact, or the reverse, must be distinctly stated in the bids offered; that the bids of all persons who may have failed to comply with the conditions of any continue in the bids offered; that the bids of all persons who may have failed to comply with the conditions of any contract they may have previously entered into with the United States shall, at the option of the department, he rejected; that if more than one bid be offered for the supply of an article on account of any one party, either in his own name, or in the name of his partner, clerk, or any other person, the whole of such bids shall be rejected at the option of the department; and that copartners of any firm shall not be the whole of such bads shall be rejected at the option of the department; and that copartners of any firm shall not be received as sureties for each other; and that, whenever it may be deemed necessary, for the interest of the government and the health of the crews of the United States are ment and the nearth of the creds of flour which are knows to keep best on distant stations, the Bureau of Provision and Clothing, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Navy, be, and hereby is, authorized to procure the same on

April 16, 1854.

the best terms, in market overt. Approved 27th March, 1854.

"SMALL STORES"-1854-'55.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,)
Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, April 28, 1854. ROPOSALS, sealed and endorsed "Proposals for small store," will be received at this bureau until 8 o'clock p. m., on Friday. the 26th May next, for furnishing and dep. in., on Friday. the ten days' notice) at the United States navy-yards at Charlestown, Massachusetts; Brooklyn, New York; and Gosport, Virginia, such quantities only of the following articles as may be required or ordered from the contractor by the chief of this bureau, or by the respective commanding officers of the said navy-yards, during the figure 1855.

cal year ending 30th June, 1855, viz: Boxes, shaving, 4 inches in di- Buttons, navy coat Buttons, dead-eve Placking, bozes of Brushes, shaving Brushes, scrubbing Beeswax, in 1/ lb. cakes Brushes, shoe to be pure Brushes, clothes Combs, coarse Combs, fine Buttons, navy vest Buttons, payy medium

Cotton, spools of Nos. 12 and 16, 200 yards each, 2 cord equal parts Handkerchiefs, cotton. fast colors, 32 x 30 inches, weight not less than 2 oz. each, texture 8 x 8 to 14 inch Handkerchiefs, fancy silk, fast colors, size 28½ x 27 inches, to weigh not less than 5 oz.; 140 grains per piece, texture

8 x 11 to 14 inch Jack-knives Looking-glasses Needles, sewing, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, drill-eyed between Razors, in single cases Razor straps

Ribbon, hat, best French black, 12 oz. to the piece; width 11/4 inch, texture 14 x 91 to 1/4 inch Soap, shaving, in cakes, each cake not more nor less than Silk, sewing, blue-black, wrapper not to exceed 2 or to the pound

Scissors Spaces Thread, black and white, Marshali's best que Tape, white linen, 5 yards in length, 1/2 inch wide, texture 8 x 9 1/4 inch Tape, black, twilled cotton, 6 yards in length, 1/2 inch wife Thimbles, 8-10 x 9-10 diameter

Mustard seed, American brown Pepper, black, Malabar Pepper, red, American Bottles, octagon, for mustard and pepper Corks for bottles, best quality

Mustard seed and pepper, in the raw state, and tottles and corks, are to be delivered at New York only. All the articles must be of good quality and conformable in all respects to the samples (all of which have been receivly selected and new) deposited at said navy-yards and in the bureau, and subject to such inspection at the navy-rad where delivered as the chief of this bureau may direct and be entirely satisfactory to the inspecting officer, said officer to be appointed by the Navy Department. All the articles to be delivered free of all incidental expense to the gottoment, in proper vessels or packages, and the price of each and every article must be the same at the respective place of delivery. Every separate package in which one or none dozen of the above articles are packed, and the boxes, tales, or barrels in which the same may be delivered, shall be marked with their contents, the name of the contractor, and the month and year when put up, and, when desired,

in good, substantial shipping order.

The contractor must establish agencies at such stations other than his residence, that no delay may arise in furnishing what may be required; and when the contractor of agent fails promptly to comply with a requisition, the chaf of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing shall be actionized to direct purchases to be made to supply the deficient, under the penalty to be expressed in the contract; there cord of a requisition, or a duplicate copy thereof, at the berean of Provisions and Clothing, or at either of the payyards aforesaid, shall be evidence that such requisition his been made and received.

Two or more approved sureties, in a sum equal to the

timated amount of the contract, will be required, and to per centum in addition will be withheld from the amount of all payments on account thereof as collateral security, is secure its performance, and not in any event to be pad util it is in all respects complied with; ninety percentant the amount of all deliveries made will be paid by the may agent within thirty days after bills, duly authenticated shall have been presented to him. Blank forms of proposals may be obtained on applicated

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The attention of bidders is called to the samples and scription of articles required, as in the inspection for my tion, a just but rigid comparison will be made between the m-ticles offered and the sample and contract, receiving none that fall before them; and their attention is also particularly brected to the annexed joint resolution, in addition to the est the 10th August, 1846. Extract form the act of Congress approved August 10, 189

"Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act every proposal for naval supplies avited by the Secretary of the Navy, under the provise to the general appropriation bill for the navy approved March third, eighteen hundreed and forty-three, shall be accompanied by a written nied by a written guarantee, signed by one or more respec-ble persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, entrinto an obligation, in such time as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, with good and sufficient satisfies, to furnish the supplies proposed. No proposal shall be considered unless accompanied by such guarante. If after the acceptance of a proposal and a notification therefore to the bidder or bidders, he or they shall fail to enter into an obligation within the time prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, with good and sufficient sureties for furnishing the supplies, then the Secretary of the Navy shall proceed to contract with some other person or persons for innishing the said supplies, and shall forthwith cause the difference between the amount contained in the proposal seguarantied and the amount for which he may have contracted for furnishing the said supplies for the whole period of the proposal to be charged up against said bidder or bidders, and his or their guarantor or guarantors; and the same may be immediately recovered by the United Saise, for the use of the Navy Department, in an action of delifor the use of the Navy Department, in an action of des

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Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That is bids for supplies of provisions, clothing, and small store for the use of the navy may be rejected, at the option of the department, if made by one who is not known as a manifacturer of, or regular dealer in, the article proposed loss furnished, which fact, or the reverse, must be distinct stated in the bids offered; that the bids of all persons who may have failed to comply with the conditions of any of tracts they may have previously entered into with the United States shall, at the option of the department, be rejected; that if more than one bid be offered for the supplies an article on account of any one party, either in his on name, or in the name of his partner, clerk, or any other person, the whole of such bids shall be rejected at the vision of the department; and copartners of any firm shall not be received as sureties for each other; and that where ever it may be deemed necessary, for the interest of the government and the health of the crews of the United Suns visions and Clothing, with the approbation of the Service of the Newy, be, and hereby is, authorized to procure the Approved 27th March, 1854.

Approved 27th March, 1854.